

# HISTORY OF MODERN MAHARASHTRA – PAPER 5

## QUESTION BANK

1. From the reign of Chhatrapati Shahu, the \_\_\_\_\_ became the de facto rulers of the Maratha state.
  - a. Mahajans
  - b. Peshwa
  - c. Punditrao
  - d. Nyaydish
2. Who was the first editor of Kesari ?
  - a. Maharshi Karve
  - b. vishnu shastri chiplunkar
  - c. Gopal Ganesh Agarkar
  - d. Lokmanya Tilak
3. The 'Drain Theory' was propounded by
  - a. G.V. Joshi
  - b. R. Ambedkar
  - c. G. K. Gokhale
  - d. Dadabhai Naoroji
4. Who become the first female teacher of Maharashtra
  - a. Anandi Gopal
  - b. Ramabai Ranade
  - c. Pandita ramabai
  - d. Savitribai Phule
5. Who what the founder Rayat shikshan Sanstha
  - a. Shahu Maharaj
  - b. Dr.R. Ambedkar
  - c. karmaveer bhaurao Patil
  - d. Mahatma Phule
6. The Indian Depressed Classes Mission was established by \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. G.K. Gokhale
  - b. Shahu Maharaj
  - c. Dr. R. Ambedkar
  - d. Vithhal Ramji Shinde
7. The book 'Annihilation of Caste' was written by
  - a. Vitthal Ramji Shinde
  - b. Jotirao Phule
  - c. Bhau Mahajan

- d. Dr. R. Ambedkar
8. The evil practice of widow burning was called\_\_\_\_\_.
- Tonsuring
  - Balutedari
  - Devdasi
  - Sati
9. The \_\_\_\_\_ movement was started to unite all Marathi speaking regions into one state.
- Gujarat and Maharashtra
  - Samyukta Maharashtra
  - Vidharbha
  - Chalo Delhi
10. Under whose leadership Samyukta Maharashtra Samiti was founded
- Shripad Amrit Dange
  - Keshavrao Jedhe
  - Uddhavrao Patil
  - Narayan Ganesh Gore
11. In what year did Jagannath shankar sheth establish a school
- 1890
  - 1880
  - 1857
  - 1854
12. Who was the first president of the DnyPrasarak sabha
- Pandita Ramabai
  - Dadoba pandurang Tarkhadkar
  - Vitthal Ramji Shinde
  - Mahatma Phule
13. Which revenue system was adopted by Bombay Province?
- Permanent Settlement
  - Mahalwari
  - Zamindari
  - Ryotwari
14. \_\_\_\_\_played an important role in helping the peasants in 19th century.  
Maharashtra
- R.G. Bhandharkar
  - M.G.Ranade
  - G.K. Gokhale
  - Jyotirao Phule
15. Who established Sharda Sadan
- Pandita Ramabai
  - Savitribai Phule

- c. Vitthal Ramji Shinde
  - d. Shahu Maharaj
16. The periodical which became the mouthpiece of Satyashodhak Samaj
- a. Sambad Kaumudi
  - b. Deenbandhu
  - c. Jugantar
  - d. Subodh Patrika
17. Who among the following Moderate leader of Congress known as 'The Lion of Bombay'?
- a. Gopal Krishna Gokhale
  - b. M.G. Ranade
  - c. Badruddin Tyabji
  - d. Firoz Shah Mehta
18. The prevailing land revenue system of the Marathas was based on \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Annaji Dutto
  - b. Trade system
  - c. Nana Phadnavis
  - d. Malik Ambar
19. Quit India Movement was led by?
- a. .R. Ambedkar
  - b. Jawaharlal Nehru
  - c. Sardar Patel
  - d. Mahatma Gandhi
20. Bal Gangadhar Tilak organised 'Home Rule League' at :
- a. Poona
  - b. Mumbai
  - c. None of the above
  - d. Delhi
21. \_\_\_\_\_ was the first social reformer to think about bringing social enlightenment in the nineteenth century Maharashtra
- a. Lokmanya Tilak
  - b. Balshastri Jambhekar
  - c. M.G. Ranade
  - d. G. G. Agarkar
22. Who was the last ruling Peshwa of the Maratha Empire?
- a. Balaji Vishwanath
  - b. Bajirao II
  - c. Madhavrao
  - d. Balaji I
23. Poona Pact was signed in 1932 mainly between Gandhiji and :
- a. Mohammed Ali Jinnah

- b. Dr. R. Ambdkar
  - c. None of these
  - d. Lord Willingdon
24. The Poona Sarvajanik Sabha was established in the year
- a. 1870
  - b. 1868
  - c. 1865
  - d. 1866
25. Who was the president of Indian National Congress during Swadeshi Movement?
- a. B G Tilak
  - b. M K Gandhi
  - c. Dadabhai Naoroji
  - d. A O Hume
26. Balutedari was a system of \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Justice
  - b. Religious philosophy
  - c. Revenue collection
  - d. Caste based trade
27. Who played an important role opposing the Small Holding Bill in 1928 in Pune?
- a. Vithal Ramji Shinde
  - b. Sardar Patel
  - c. Lalalajpat Rai
  - d. Motilal Nehru
28. Mountstuart Elphinstone served as the \_\_\_\_\_ in the Peshwa's Court.
- a. Chief minister
  - b. Resident
  - c. Prime minister
  - d. Regent
29. When and where Maharshi Karve established women's University
- a. Mumbai 1880
  - b. Sangli 1840
  - c. Pune 1907
  - d. Satara 1857
30. From whom did Mahatma Phule founded school
- a. All people
  - b. Womens and lower caste people
  - c. Only for boys
  - d. Only for girls
31. Which one of the following political parties did not participate in Samyukta Maharashtra Committee?
- a. Hindu Mahasabha

- b. Scheduled Castes Federation
  - c. Jan Sangh
  - d. Indian National Congress in Maharashtra
32. Gopal Hari Deshmukh, one of the prominent reformers and thinkers, was given the title\_\_\_\_\_
- a. Lokmanya
  - b. Mahatma
  - c. Lokahitavadi
  - d. Loknayak
33. who was the first president of the DnyPrasarak sabha
- a. Pandita Ramabai
  - b. Dadoba pandurang Tarkhadkar
  - c. Mahatma Phule
  - d. Vitthal Ramji Shinde
34. Punjabrao Deshmukh was the president of which organisation
- a. Depressed class
  - b. Rayat shikshan Sanstha
  - c. Satyashodhak samaj
  - d. Amravati district council
35. Which Act in 1960 given the creation of the State of Maharashtra and Gujarat
- a. Bombay Reorganization Act
  - b. Bombay Gujarat Reorganization Act
  - c. Reorganization Act
  - d. Gujarat Reorganization Act
36. The 3rd Anglo-Maratha War was fought in \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. 1818-19
  - b. 1819-20
  - c. 1817-18
  - d. 1816-17
37. Jotirao's book \_\_\_\_\_ became the chief source of inspiration for the Satyashodhak Samaj.
- a. Sarvajanik Satyadharma
  - b. Slavery
  - c. Cultivator's whipcord
  - d. Shatapatre
38. In 1901, \_\_\_\_\_ was granted scholarship to study at the Oxford University by the Prarthana Samaj.
- a. Lokahitavadi
  - b. Dr. R. Ambedkar
  - c. Vithhal Ramji Shinde
  - d. M.G. Ranade

39. Total number of members in the Poona Sarvajanik Sabha when it was first established
- 90
  - 80
  - 95
  - 85
40. When and where was the Sharda Sadan established
- Satara 1850
  - Mumbai 1889
  - Nagpur 1848
  - Puna 1881
41. The educational activities began in India with the\_\_\_\_\_
- Charter Act of 1833
  - Charter Act, 1813
  - Widow remarriage Act, 1856
  - Sati practice prohibition Act 1829
42. When was the Gandhi - Irwin Pact signed?
- March 7, 1937
  - March 10, 1935
  - March 5, 1931
  - March 1, 1932
43. By which treaty in 1802 did the Peshwa accept the Subsidiary Alliance and surrender most powers to the British?
- Treaty of Purandar
  - Treaty of Salbai
  - Treaty of Surat
  - Treaty of Bassein
44. \_\_\_\_\_ wrote at length about economic exploitation in his work "Poverty and unBritish Rule in India"
- Justice Ranade
  - KT Telang
  - Dadabhai Naoroji
  - Subramaniam Iyer
45. \_\_\_\_\_ along with other reformers founded Prarthana Samaj in 1867
- Lokmanya Tilak
  - Gopal Krishna Gokhale
  - Balshastri Jambhekar
  - Atmaram Pandurang Tarkhadkar
46. The mantra "Do or Die" given by?
- V. Raman
  - P. Roy
  - J. Bose

- d. Mahatma Gandhi
47. A royal commission to enquire into the Indian expenditure was appointed in 1895 under the chairmanship of \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Lord Curzon
  - b. Lord Wedderburn
  - c. Lord William Bentinck
  - d. Lord Welby
48. Who helped to establish the New English school?
- a. Mahatma Phule
  - b. Pandita Ramabai
  - c. Vishnushastri Chiplunkar
  - d. Jagannath Shankar Sheth
49. The Chandapur forests were populated by \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Gonds
  - b. Kolis
  - c. Ramoshis
  - d. Bhils
50. \_\_\_\_\_ was responsible for promotion of economic nationalism in Maharashtra
- a. Lokmanya Tilak
  - b. M.G. Ranade
  - c. Gopal Krishna Gokhale
  - d. Dinshaw Wachha