

Question Bank
TYBA
History Paper 4

1. Who led Mughal armies against Ahmadnagar during the period of ShahJahan
 - a. Alam Shah
 - c. Nasarth Shah
 - d. Mahabat Khan
 - b. Jai Singh

2. Who were the officers incharge of municipal and police duties in big town during the Mughal period
 - c. Kotwal
 - b. Vishayapatis
 - d. Amins
 - a. Chaudaris

3. Who defeated Medini Roy in Chanderi battle?
 - b. Babur
 - d. Aurangzeb
 - a. Akbar
 - c. Mubarak Shah

4. Which Fort ceded by Shivaji to the Mughals by the terms of the Treaty of Purandar (1665 AD) could not be won back by Shivaji?
 - a. Purandhar
 - d. Lohagadh
 - c. Shivneri
 - b. Mahuli

5. The term Khalisa in Mughal administration signified the
 - c. Religious land grants
 - d. Land from where revenue was collected for the Imperial Treasury
 - a. Entire Imperial Establishment
 - b. Land owned by the Emperor himself

6. _____ was known for the excellent library he established in Delhi.
 - b. Humayun
 - a. Babar
 - d. Aurangzeb
 - c. Shershah

7. The first military expedition of Jahangir's reign was against —
- d. Ahmednagar
 - a. Kangra
 - c. Mewar
 - b. Bengal
8. Zabt or Bandobast system was introduced by which of the following?
- a. Babur
 - b. Humayun
 - d. Shahjahan
 - c. Akbar
9. Who amongst the following Sikh Gurus was tortured to death by Jahangir on a charge of treason?
- d. Guru Govind Singh
 - b. Guru Har Gobind
 - a. Guru Amar Das
 - c. Guru Arjun Dev
10. The meeting of Shivaji and Afzalkhan took place at the foothill of the fort of
- a. Pratapgarh
 - c. Rajgarh
 - d. Panhala
 - b. Raigad
11. In the Cavalry of Shivaji, a Jumladar commanded -----
- c. 15 Havaldars
 - a. 9 Havaldars
 - b. 10 Havaldars
 - d. 5 Havaldars
12. At which of the following battles was Humayun defeated by Sher Shah Suri?
- a. Battle of Chausa
 - b. Battle of Khanwa
 - c. First Battle of Panipat
 - d. Battle of Thanesar
13. Name the place which was described as 'Shiraz of India' during the Mughal rule in India.
- c. Agra
 - a. Delhi
 - d. Banaras

b. Jaunpur

14. The Maratha Chief, Sambhaji, was executed during the reign of -----

- a. Mahbat Khan
- c. Jahangir
- d. Shah Jahan
- b. Aurangzeb

15. Who was the Mughal emperor stopped the use of kalma on the coins?

- c. Jahangir
- d. Akbar
- b. Aurangzeb
- a. Babar

16. Who was the founder of Maratha dynasty?

- d. Balaji Vishwanath
- c. Rajaram
- b. Chatrapati Shivaji
- a. Chatrapati Shahu

17. In Mansabdari system the Commander-in-Chief of the Army was -----

- c. Dah Hazari
- b. Emperor
- d. Prince
- a. Mansabdar

18. Who was the head of the military department of Akbar's reign?

- a. Mir Bakshi
- b. Diwan
- c. Amir Khasru
- d. Surdas

19. Under the Mughals one of the main imports was?

- b. Cotton
- d. Raw Silk
- c. Opium
- a. Pepper

20. Who was the ruler of Gujarat at the time of Babur's invasion to India?

- c. Bahadur Shah
- b. Nusrat Shah
- d. Muzaffar Shah II
- a. Alauddin Hussein Shah

21. Who among the following Maratha officers looked after the revenue department?
- a. Amatya
 - d. Sachiv
 - b. Sumanta
 - c. Peshwa
22. Which port of Gujarat was known as the Gate of Makka (Babul Makka) in Mughal times?
- d. Gandhar
 - a. Cambay
 - c. Surat
 - b. Gogha
23. Who among the following Maratha women led struggles against of Mughal Empire from 1700 AD onwards?
- b. Mukta Bai
 - a. Ahlaya Bai
 - d. Rukmani Bai
 - c. Tara Bai
24. Who introduced Mansabdari system in 1571?
- a. Babar
 - b. Akbar
 - c. Humayun
 - d. Sher Shah
25. Akbar's buildings at Fatehpur Sikri are famous for -----
- b. Synthesis of trabeate and arcuate styles
 - a. Construction of the first bulbous dome in India
 - d. The use of marble on an extensive scale
 - c. Frequent employment of pietra dura
26. The Mughal style of architecture is also called _____.
- a. Persian
 - c. Indo Saracenic
 - b. Arabic
 - d. Turkish
27. What was the Mughal Army Minister called?
- a. Diwan
 - b. Sadr
 - c. Mir Baksh

d. Shiqdar

28. Akbar's new religion was called _____.

d. Ibadat Khana

c. Padshanama

b. Din-i-Ilahi

a. Sul-i-Kul

29. What was the department of intelligence called?

b. Darogha – i- Dak Chauki

d. Karkhana

a. Diwan-i-Qazirat

c. Diwan – I – Ariz

30. The Red Fort was built by _____.

d. Aurangzeb

c. Shahajahan

b. Akbar

a. Babar

31. Akbar's Land Revenue System was also called _____

d. Birbal's Bandobast

b. Bairam Khan's Bandobast

a. Todarmal's Bandobast

c. Abul Fazal's Bandobast

32. Shivaji began his phase as a conqueror by capturing which fort in 1646

b. Golconda

c. Torana

d. Lohagad

a. Bijapur

33. Akbar fought the Battle of Haldighat with

b. Rana Kumbha

a. Rana Sanga

d. Rana Pratap

c. Raja Man Singh

34. Shahjahan built the Taj Mahal as a mosoleum for his wife _____.

d. Mumtaz

a. Noor Jahan

c. Hamida Begum

b. Mariam uz Zamani

35. The Mughal emperor_____introduced the Mansabdari system.
- D. Akbar
 - A. Babur
 - C. Aurangzeb
 - B. Humayun
36. Prince Khurram was given the Title of_____
- a. Sher Khan
 - b. Sher Afghan
 - c. Shah Jahan
 - d. Kavi Rai
37. Which section of the army was given the credit of victory at Panipat by Babur?
- b. Infantry
 - d. Elephantry
 - c. Experts in Bow and arrow
 - a. Artillery
38. Name the ruler of Gujarat who was defeated by Akbar in 1572?
- a. Mohammad Shah
 - Option 4
 - b. Babur
 - c. Muzaffar Shah III
 - d. Sher Shah
39. The Emperor dispensed justice in the _____
- b. Diwan-i-Qazirat
 - a. Diwan-i-Khas
 - d. Diwan-i-Ariz
 - c. Diwan-i-Wazir
40. The _____maintained law and order in the Pargana
- b. Sadr
 - c. Provincial qazi
 - d. Muhtasib
 - a. Faujdar
41. The first revolt of Shah Jahan's reign was that of
- c. Bikramajit
 - d. Champak Rai
 - b. Bhim Narain
 - a. Jujhar Singh

42. The strategically important fort of Javali was a principality under which Maratha family
- d. Patil
 - a. More
 - b. Bhosale
 - c. Jadhav
43. Which of the following introduced a new mode of warfare that led to the popularization of gun powder, cavalry, and artillery in India?
- b. Babur
 - a. Akbar
 - c. Sher Shah Suri
 - d. Humayun
44. Under which treaty was Sambhaji, son of Shivaji was granted the rank of 5000
- a. Treaty of Purandar
 - c. Treaty of Bassein
 - d. Treaty of Panhala
 - b. Treaty of Rajgad
45. The battle between Babur and Rana Sanga was fought at_____
- d. Jaunpur
 - c. Khanwa
 - b. Chunar
 - a. Panipat
46. For the crime against state like rebellion, non-payment of revenue, the punishment was left to the_____
- d. Emperor
 - a. Diwan
 - b. Chief Qazi
 - c. Kotwal
47. Battle of Chausa took place in which year?
- d. 1539 A.D.
 - a. 1530 A.D.
 - b. 1533 A.D.
 - c. 1536 A.D.
48. Sambhaji was imprisoned at which place for moral laxity by Shivaji in 1679
- a. Purandar
 - d. Vishalgad
 - c. Raigad

b. Panhala

49. Which of the following built the Buland Darwaza at Fatehpur Sikri in order to commemorate the victory over Gujarat?

- c. Shahjahan
- a. Humayun
- b. Akbar
- d. Aurangzeb

50. Babur was originally the ruler was

- a. Kabul
- d. Kandahar
- b. Persia
- c. Farghana

51. The Mughal King _____ was the greatest patron of portrait painting.

- b. Akbar
- c. Jehangir
- a. Humayun
- d. Shahjahan

52. Sher Shah Sur was succeeded by

- c. Alam Shah
- b. Islam Shah
- a. Sikander Shah
- d. Hasan Shah

53. The Sikh guru _____ was put to death by Aurangzeb.

- a. Gobind Singh
- b. Tegh Bahadur
- c. Guru Nanak
- d. Guru Har Gobind

54. Which of the following were appointed to ensure the general observance of the rules of morality during the rule of the Mughal Empire?

- c. Muhtasibs
- d. Wazir
- b. Wakil
- a. Mir Bakshi

55. Which religious center of Maharashtra was desecrated by Afzalkhan on the way to Wai to subdue Shivaji

- c. Bhavani temple at Tuljapur
- a. Khanderao temple at Jejuri
- b. Shani temple at Shanishingnapur

d. Mahalaxmi temple at Kolhapur

56. The minister in charge of artillery was the _____

- d. Qazi
- c. Mir Atish
- a. Mir Baksh
- b. Sadr

57. The author of the book 'Rise of the Maratha Power' is

- b. Justice Ranade
- a. Gopal Krishna Gokhale
- d. Dadabhai Naoroji
- c. V D Savarkar

58. The _____ sometimes acted as the deputy of the king

- a. Vakil
- b. Qazi
- c. Muhtasib
- d. Diwan

59. When Akbar invaded the kingdom of Gondwana, Chandela Queen _____ ruled over it.

- D. Rani Durgavati
- C. Rani Lakshmi bai
- a. Rani Padmavati
- B. Rani Tarabai

60. _____ refers to Akbar's policy of Universal tolerance.

- b. Sul I Kulh
- a. Din-i-Ilahi
- c. Ibadat Khana
- d. Pietra Dura

61. What was the title Shivaji acquired by his coronation on 6th June 1674

- a. Badshah
- c. Raja
- d. Chhatrapati
- b. Sultan

62. Which among the following was not a condition put forward to Sambhaji by Aurangzeb

- c. Disclose all his hidden treasures
- a. Surrender all the forts to the Mughals
- d. Inform the names of Mughal Officers who helped him
- b. . Help Aurangzeb in defeating the Sikhs

63. Name the ruler of Gujarat who was defeated by Akbar in 1572?

- b. Babur

- a. Mohammad Shah
- c. Muzaffar Shah III
- d. Sher Shah

64. The _____ rank was the personal rank of the mansabdar.

- D. Zat
- A. Sawar
- B. Ahadi
- C. Dakhil

65. Who was appointed as the manager of Kalyan district after its capture by Shivaji in 1658

- d. Yesaji Kank
- c. Baji Prabhu Deshpande
- a. Tanaji Malusare
- b. Abaji Sondev

66. The Qazis were helped by the _____ who expounded the Law.

- b. Mufti
- c. Emperor
- a. Sadr-us-sadr
- d. Faujdar

67. _____ is the tomb of Akbar.

- c. Moti Masjid
- d. Agra Fort
- b. Sikandar
- a. The Taj Mahal

68. What was the Mughal court language?

- d. Hindi
- c. Urdu
- a. Turki
- b. Persian

69. Babur was originally the ruler was

- a. Kabul
- d. Kandahar
- c. Farghana
- b. Persia

70. Who was considered as the Mukhya Pradhan (Prime Minister) in the Council of Minister

- d. Senapati
- a. Pandit Rao
- b. Sumanta
- c. Peshwa

71. Zabti and Ghallabakshi were forms of _____
- a. Artillery
 - c. Literature
 - d. Architecture
 - b. Revenue collection'
72. Who organized Akbar's Land Revenue System?
- c. Birbal
 - d. Abul Fazal
 - a. Raja Todarmal
 - b. Raja Mansingh
73. Every mansabdar kept_____ of his troopers.
- B. Patta
 - C. Kabuliyat
 - D. Sawar
 - A. Descriptive roll or Chehra
74. The title of Alamgir was assumed by
- a. Akbar
 - d. Aurangzeb
 - c. Jahangir
 - b. Sher Shah
75. The Mughal King _____ was the greatest patron of architecture.
- b. Jehangir
 - a. Akbar
 - c. Shahjahan
 - d. Aurangzeb
76. The ruler of Gujarat who was contemporary of Humayun_____
- A. Mohammad Begada
 - B. Bahadur Shah
 - C. Sher Shah
 - D. MuzaffarShah II
77. The original name of Sher Shah Suri was
- A. Farid Khan
 - B. Salim
 - C. Khurram
 - D. Muinuddin
78. The name of Babur's autobiography is
- A. Tuzuk-e-Baburi

- B. Tuzuk-e-Jahangiri
- C. Fatawa-e-jahangiri
- D. Ain-e-Akbari

79. Aurangzeb died in Deccan in 1707 and was buried at _____

- A. Hyderabad
- B. Khuldabad
- C. Aurangabad
- D. Faridabad

80. Who wrote Akbarnama?

- A) Akbar
- B) Birbal
- C) Abul Fazl
- D) Bhagvandas

81. Which was the second capital of Akbar?

- A) Delhi
- B) Agra
- C) Fatehpur Sikri
- D) Patna

82. _____ occupied a prominent place in Akbar's scheme of conquests

- A) Deccan
- B) Central Asia
- C) Rajputana
- D) Bihar

83. The Mughal administration was run by a bureaucracy consisting of different grades of military officers known as

- A. Jagirdars
- B. Mansabdars
- C. Mirasdars
- D. Subahdars

84. The Mughal emperor _____ introduced the Mansabdari system.

- A. Babur
- B. Humayun
- C. Aurangzeb

- D. Akbar
85. The word 'mansab' means
A. Grant
B. Fief
C. Rank
D. Gift
86. Abul Fazal in his Ain-e- Akbari maintains that there were _____ grades or Mansabs.
A. 66
B. 50
C. 40
D. 45
87. During the reign of Akbar, the mansab of _____ and above was reserved for members of royal family.
A. 5000
B. 2000
C. 6000
D. 4000
88. The _____ rank was the personal rank of the mansabdar.
A. Sawar
B. Ahadi
C. Dakhil
D. Zat
89. From which year was *Sardeshmukhi* claimed by the Marathas
A. 1632
B. 1621
C. 1648
D. 1666
90. The *Sabhasad Bakhar* mentions the annual estimated revenue from Sardeshmukhi to be
A. Eighty Lakh Hons
B. One Crore Hons
C. Twelve Lakh Hons
D. Fifty Lakh Hons
91. Who was the French envoy who visited Shivaji in 1677
A. Jean Thevnot
B. Bernier

- C. Germain
- D. Manucci

92. Where was the naval headquarter of Shivaji located?

- A. Goa
- B. Cambay
- C. Janjira
- D. Malvan

93. Who were in charge of the stores of the fort

- A. Karkhanis
- B. Pathans
- C. Phadnis
- D. Mavlas

94. Who has said the following quote – “ Nothing proves Shivaji’s genius as a born statesman more clearly than his creation of a navy and naval bases.”

- A. J. N. Sarkar
- B. Germain
- C. Kavi Kalash
- D. Gaga Bhatt

95. With the death of Aurangzeb, the Maratha-Mughal conflict practically came to an end. On which day did Aurangzeb breathe his last.

- A. 3rd March 1710
- B. 3rd March 1707
- C. 7th December 1709
- D. 15th September 1710

96. Shershah’s tomb was built in _____.

- a) Agra
- b) Kabul
- c) Sasaram
- d) Jaunpur

97. Guru Gobind Singh militarised the Sikhs because of _____ persecution.

- a) Babar’s
- b) Akbar’s
- c) Shahjahan’s
- d) Auragzeb’s

98. _____ stopped the practice of inscribing Quran verses on coins.

- a) Akbar
- c) Shahjahan

