

TYBMM VI SEMESTER 2019 -20

QUESTION BANK

MULTIPLE CHOICE BASED QUESTIONS

CONTEMPORARY ISSUES

1. Long term change in the statistics of weather is referred to as _____
 - A. Global Warming
 - B. Climate Change
 - C. Greenhouse Effect
 - D. Weather Change

2. Climate change affects
 - A. Deforestation
 - B. Fires
 - C. Rainfall patterns
 - D. Soil erosion

3. Effects of global warming
 - A. Increase in carbon dioxide and greenhouse gases
 - B. Shortage of water and food in urban areas
 - C. Tornadoes, hurricanes, drought, landslides
 - D. Burning of fossil fuels and emission of gases

4. Causes of global warming
 - A. Carbon monoxide
 - B. Greenhouse gases
 - C. Sulphur dioxide
 - D. Nitric oxide

5. Desertification refers to
 - A. land degradation in arid, semi –arid areas
 - B. Land degradation in Tropical areas
 - C. Land degradation in Urban areas
 - D. Land degradation in Rainforest

6. Which gas is likely to be reduced in the atmosphere by deforestation?
 - A. Carbon dioxide
 - B. Nitrogen
 - C. Oxygen
 - D. Sulphur dioxide

7. Ozone layer can be depleted by
 - A. Human action
 - B. Nature
 - C. Sulphur
 - D. Agriculture

8. Modes of controlling pollution in large cities include
 - A. Cleanliness and less use of insecticides
 - B. Proper disposal of organic wastes, sewage and industrial effluents
 - C. Broader roads and shifting of factories out of the residential area
 - D. A, B & C

9. Chipko is an Environmental movement
- A. against cutting of trees.
 - B. Against recycling of plastic
 - C. Against killing of wild animals
 - D. Against water pollution
10. Mangroves act as a natural shield and guard
- A. against natural calamities and disasters
 - B. for the protection of tribal forest
 - C. against land destruction
 - D. for the buildings in urban areas
11. CRZ- coastal regulation zone is formulated for
- A. Protection of coastal land
 - B. Protection of the Indian coast.
 - C. Protection of houses in the coast
 - D. Protection of animals in the coast
12. Which of the following describes 'human rights'?
- A. The rights an individual possesses by virtue of being a human being.
 - B. The freedom that only rich people should have
 - C. The rights of animals that human should protect
 - D. The rights of adults only
13. The UDHR maintains that
- A. It is a social, economic, cultural, and political process
 - B. "All humans are born free and equal in dignity and rights
 - C. Human Rights cannot be granted
 - D. It's an alienable right
14. What is DRD?
- A. Department of Rural Development
 - B. Declaration on Right to Development
 - C. Demand of Right to Develop
 - D. Developmental Rights for Departments
15. When was DRD adopted?
- A. 2010
 - B. 1986
 - C. 2011
 - D. 1995
16. CRC came into force in which year?
- A. 1985
 - B. 1990
 - C. 1991
 - D. 1992
17. Governance means the process of decision making and the process by which _____ are implemented
- A. Rights
 - B. Acts
 - C. Decisions

D. Solutions

18. With reference to Right to Development Weaker sections of society like women, children and tribal
- A. Do not have right to development
 - B. Do not have the right to participate in development
 - C. Do have all the rights inclusive of Right to development
 - D. Do not have a higher claim to this right
19. Which statement is NOT correct with reference to CEDAW?
- A. Discrimination against women and girls must end
 - B. Equal rights for all irrespective of gender
 - C. Participation at national and international fronts
 - D. Right to work should be gender based
20. CEDAW can make a difference for women and girls specifically to:
- A. Reduce sex trafficking and domestic violence
 - B. Provide access to education and vocational training
 - C. Ensure the right to vote
 - D. A, B & C
21. Domestic violence is recognized by law
- A. As a criminal offence.
 - B. As not punishable by law
 - C. As an accepted offence
 - D. As a permissible act
22. The Sexual Harassment at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal Act and Rules, came into force on
- A. 9th December 2013
 - B. 25th December 2013
 - C. 18th December 2013
 - D. 31st December 2013
23. The Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013 includes:
- A. Acid attack
 - B. Sexual Harassment
 - C. Stalking
 - D. A, B & C
24. Pre- Natal Diagnostic Techniques (Regulation and Prevention of Misuse) Act, 1994 was amended in _____
- A. 2001
 - B. 2002
 - C. 2003
 - D. 2008
25. Under the POCSO act 2012 any person below the age of _____ is described as a child
- A. 14
 - B. 18
 - C. 16
 - D. 21
26. Legislative measures pertaining to children are:
- A. Compulsory education for children below 14yrs

- B. Prohibits employment of children in hazardous factories below the age of 14yrs
 - C. prohibition of trafficking and forced labour of children
 - D. A, B & C
27. Which year was the transplantation of human organs act amended for allowance of swapping of organs widens the donor pool by including grandparents and grandchildren in the list?
- A. 2012
 - B. 2015
 - C. 2013
 - D. 2011
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28. Jan LokPal Bill 2011 aims to
- A. Effectively deter corruption
 - B. Compensate citizen grievances and protect whistle blowers
 - C. Provide defective information system
 - D. A&B
29. Satyendra Dubey, was murdered when he tried to expose the corruption of
- A. Commonwealth Games scam
 - B. The treasury fraud
 - C. The National Highway Authority's Road project
 - D. 2G Spectrum case
30. Whistle Blower Act means
- A. One who blows whistle
 - B. To unveil information about illegal or unethical practices
 - C. To punish the person who blows whistle after seeing a girl
 - D. Anti-corruption Act
31. According to sources United Liberation Front of Assam was founded on
- A. 7 April 1979
 - B. 15 April 1979
 - C. 20 October 1979
 - D. 12 November 1979
32. _____ is an armed rebellion against government authority.
- A. Terrorism
 - B. Riots
 - C. Insurgency
 - D. Revolt
33. AFSPA gives armed forces the power to
- A. Secure due to imposition of AFSPA
 - B. shoot to kill, indiscriminate arrest and harass people
 - C. Protection to civilians
 - D. Army Cannot enter without a search warrant

34. The AFSPA was passed on 18 August :
- A. 1958
 - B. 1959
 - C. 1960
 - D. 1961
35. Reasons for conflict in North East India
- A. Historical reasons – loosely administered under British India.
 - B. Tensions between these states and the central government.
 - C. Geographical reasons – not well connected with present Indian mainland.
 - D. A, B & C
36. What is MIDC?
- A. Multimedia Instructional Development Center
 - B. Measurement and Instrumentation Data Center
 - C. Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation
 - D. Maharashtra Industrial Development Company
37. Maharashtra SEZ comprises of
- A. Santacruz Electronic Export Processing Zone
 - B. Navi Mumbai Special Economic Zone
 - C. Maha Mumbai Special Economic Zone
 - D. Nashik Special Economic Zone
38. Causes of farmers suicide are
- A. Monsoon failure
 - B. High debt burdens
 - C. Government policies
 - D. A, B & C
39. Reason for illegal immigration from Bangladesh
- A. Cheapest trip in the world
 - B. Culturally like Bengali people in India
 - C. False identity and false documentation
 - D. A, B & C
40. Displacement results in:
- A. Marginalization
 - B. Social disintegration
 - C. Economic disturbance
 - D. A & B
41. When was the first SEZ policy announced?
- A) May 2003
 - B) April 2000
 - C) June 2004
 - D) December 2005
42. The policy of SEZ promotes
- A) Economic Growth & Infrastructure

- B) Poverty
- C) GDP
- D) Banking

43. Full form of SEEPZ is

- A) Santa Cruz Electronics Export Processing Zone
- B) Santa Cruz Engineering Export Processing Zone
- C) Santa Cruz Engineering Electronics Processing Zone
- D) Santa Cruz Export Engineering Processing Zone

44. National Food Security Act was Introduced in the year

- A) 2012
- B) 2015
- C) 2013
- D) 2016

45. Which is one of the salient feature of Food Security Act 2013

- A) Economic status of People
- B) Entertainment tax for people
- C) Nutritional Support to women and children
- D) Travelling allowances for households

46. The main objective of SEZ include

- A) Removing Poverty
- B) Promotion of exports of goods and services
- C) Travelling
- D) Promote Luxury items

47. SEZ covers a broad range of

- A. Export Processing Zones
- B. Industrial Business zones
- C. Free Travel Zones
- D. International Trade zones

48. What is MIDC?

- E. Multimedia Instructional Development Center
- F. Measurement and Instrumentation Data Center
- G. Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation
- H. Maharashtra Industrial Development Company

49. Benefits under SEZ includes

- i. No sunset clause
 - ii. Tax free enclave throughout stay in SEZ
 - iii. Duty-free enclave for 10 years
 - iv. 24X7, 365 days operation
- A. I, II, III

- B. II, III, IV
- C. I, II, IV
- D. I, II, III, IV

50. Provisions under MIDC do not include

- A. Supply of water
- B. Centralised resource planning
- C. Hassel free export environment
- D. Specialised infrastructure facilities for specific industry

51. Which of these are not amongst the provisions of the National Food Security Bill 2013?

- A. Antyodaya households 35 Kgs of grains p/month
- B. 15kg grains per person
- C. 6months-6years- free age appropriate meal through anganwadi
- D. Maternity benefit or Rs 6000/- in instalments

52.. What is the serving term of the members of Rajya Sabha?

- A. 4 yrs
- B. 5 yrs
- C. 6 yrs
- D. 7 yrs

53. Which is statement is false:

The Parliament of India cannot be regarded as a sovereign body because

- A. it can legislate only on subjects entrusted to the Centre by the Constitution
- B. it has to operate within the limits prescribed by the Constitution
- C. the Supreme Court can declare laws passed by parliament as unconstitutional if they contravene the provisions of the Constitution
- D.

54. The members of the Rajya Sabha are elected by

- A. the people
- B. Lok Sabha
- C. elected members of the legislative assembly
- D. elected members of the legislative council

55 The members of Lok Sabha hold office for a term of

- A. 4 years
- B. 5 years
- C. 6 years
- D. 3 years

56. Give the meaning of 'Alliance'.

- (a) Two parties together form the government.
- (b) Leftist and Rightist together form the government.
- (c) When state and national parties together form the government.
- (d) When several parties in a multiparty system join for the purpose of contesting elections and winning power.

57. Select the statement related to the advantages of multiparty system

- (a) Multi-party system provides limited choice to voters.
- (b) There is a chance of conflict.
- (c) Provides choice to the voters.
- (d) In Multi-party system regional parties get the representation.

58. RTI Act 2005 came into force on

- (a) 12 October 2005
- (b) 15 August 2005
- (c) 15 June 2005
- (d) 1 November 2005

59. Identify the wrong option:

Right to information includes the right to obtaining information in the form of:

- A. Diskettes
- B. Floppies
- C. Tapes
- D. Oral

60. Asst. Public Information Officer (APIO) has to forward first appeals to:

- A. Public Information Officer (PIO)
- B. The head of the authority
- C. First Appellate Authority
- D. Magistrate

61. RTI Act is not applicable to

- A. All non-Government organisation substantially financed by political parties
- B. All body owned, controlled or substantially financed by the appropriate Government
- C. All non-Government organisation substantially financed by the appropriate Government
- D. All non-Government organisation not financed by the Government

62. Identify the false option.

Under RTI Act, the language of an application may be in

- A. English
- B. Hindi
- C. Regional language
- D. Sanskrit

63. Indian citizens have the right to information because of
- A. Judgment of Supreme Court
 - B. Implementation of International Laws by Indian Government
 - C. All states adopted agree to implement the Act
 - D. A law passed by the Parliament of India

64. When did The Lokpal and Lokayuktas Act, 2013 come into force?

- a) January 2013
- b) May 2013
- c) December 2013
- d) January 2013

65. What is the cause of corruption?

- a) Love for humanity
- b) Greed
- c) A life of a sage
- d) A life of celibacy

66. AFSP was first implemented in

- a) 1956
- b) 1953
- c) 1958
- d) 1955

67. How does corruption affect the environment?

- a) Bring floods
- b) Embezzlement during implementation of project
- c) Encourage cooperation movement amongst people
- d) Increase crop output

68. What information is not disclosed under RTI Act?

- a) The size of something abstract
- b) Impede investigation
- c) the height of the sky
- d) the mood of a person

69. Whistle Blowers Protection Act investigates:

- a) Beauty pageants
- b) Whistle blower's competition
- c) Alleged corruption
- d) Power failures

70. A whistle-blower is in the knowledge of

- a) Games
- b) Swimming

- c) Corruption
- d) Flying

71. Lok Pal Bill was enacted in

- a) 2017
- b) 2001
- c) 2013
- d) 1967

72. Satyendra Dubey was a

- a) Gymnast
- b) Fishing expert
- c) Boxer
- d) Whistle-blower

73. How can corruption be stopped

- a) Increase salaries
- b) Lessen expectation levels
- c) Get uneducated people
- d) Untrained labour force

74. Armed Forces Special Powers Act was implemented

- a) To provoke enmity
- b) Maintain public order
- c) Is a recruitment drive
- d) Is like PUBG

75. Terrorist organisations are redeemed by:

- a) Funding them
- b) Giving them latest arms
- c) Recruitment drives
- d) Freezing bank accounts

76. The Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act was passed in:

- a) 2065
- b) 2062
- c) 2067
- d) 2068

77. MIDC was established on. _____

- a) 15th August, 1962
- b) 26th January, 1947
- c) 1st August, 1962
- d) 1st January, 1947

78. The 1st MIDC became operational at

- a) Wagle Estate, Thane
- b) Seepz, Andheri

- c) Airoli, Navi Mumbai
- d) Umela, Vasai

79. The total number of functional SEZ across India is

- a) 6
- b) 8
- c) 10
- d) 12

80. What is the full form for SEEPZ?

- a) Santacruz Electronics Export Processing Zone
- b) Special Electronics Export Processing Zone
- c) Strategic Electronics Export Processing Zone
- d) State Electronics Export Processing Zone

81. Annapurna scheme provide food requirements of _____

- a) Children
- b) Women
- c) Senior citizens
- d) Students

82. The official document entitling the holder to a ration of food issued by the government of India is known as _____

- a) Ration card
- b) Food card
- c) Health card
- d) Insurance card

83. The color of Antyodaya Anna Yojana scheme card is _____

- a) Pink
- b) Black
- c) Blue
- d) Yellow

84. F.C.I stands for _____

- a) Food Center of India
- b) Food Center of Investigation
- c) Food Complex of Integrity
- d) Food Corporation of India

85. Food security does not mean:

- (a) Availability of food
- (b) Accessibility of food
- (c) Affordability of food
- (d) Alternative to food

86. Green house gases

- a. Oxygen

b. Carbon dioxide

c. Ozone

d. Nitrogen

87. CRZ 2 comprises of

a. Rural coastal areas

b. Mangroves, coral reefs etc.

c. Developed areas close to shoreline

d. Limit of territorial waters of India.

88. Which of this environmental movement has not taken place in India?

a. Chipko Movement.

b. Narmada Bachao Andolan.

c. World Wildlife Foundation.

d. Bishop Movement

89. CRC stands for

a. CONVENTION ON THE RIGHTS OF THE CHILD

b. CONVENTION ON RIGHTS OF CHILDREN

c. CONSENT ON RESEVATION FOR CHILDREN

d. CONVENTION ON HUMAN RIGHTS OF CHILDREN

90. Poverty is a

- a. Social problem
- b. Economic problem
- c. Religious issue
- d. Political problem

91. Which of these provides a scope for unemployment

- a. Population control
- b. Five-year plans
- c. Education reforms
- d. Political reforms

92. HIV is not transmitted by

- a. Unclean syringe
- b. Mother to child
- c. Touching
- d. Blood transfusion

93. What is meant by sex-ratio

- a. Relation between male & female
- b. Ratio between adult male & adult female
- c. Total population of male & female
- d. Number of females per 1000 males in a population

94. Dowry deaths, physical violence and marital rape are examples of

- a. Criminal violence
- b. Domestic violence
- c. Social violence
- d. Murder

95. SEZ stands for

- a. Special Economic Zone
- b. Special Education Zone
- c. South East Zone
- d. Social Employment Zone

96. SEZ provides special privileges for _____

- a. Exporters and business ventures
- b. Importers
- c. Customers
- d. Manufacturers

97. The primary reason of rural indebtedness is linked to the inherent crisis of _____

- a. Indian agriculture.
- b. Indian Industries
- c. Indian Organizations
- d. Indian Politics

98. _____ is a major barrier to modernization of agriculture.

- a. Technology
- b. Indebtedness
- c. Technique
- d. Education

99. National Food Security Bill was examined under the chairmanship of _____

- a. Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam
- b. Rajeev Gandhi

- c. Dr. Manmohan Singh
- d. Dr. C. Rangarajan

100. _____ aims at protecting all children, women and men in India from hunger and food deprivation

- a. National Food Security Bill
- b. Annapurna Yojana
- c. Antyodaya Anna Yojana
- d. National Family Benefit Scheme

101. Anganwadi programme for children under _____

- a. seven
- b. Ten
- c. Six
- d. Twelve

102. _____ reduces the use of chemical fertilizers, pesticides and herbicides and reduces the cost of cultivation

- a. Irrigation
- b. Hybrid Farming
- c. Organic Farming
- d. Quality Seeds